# Disaster Medicine and Public Health Preparedness

www.cambridge.org/dmp

# **Systematic Review**

Cite this article: Hansen PM, Mikkelsen S, Rehn M. Communication in sudden-onset major incidents: Patterns and challenges—Scoping review. *Disaster Med Public Health Prep.* 17(e482), 1–11. doi: https://doi.org/10.1017/dmp.2023.132.

#### **Keywords:**

communication; disasters; major incidents; management and leadership

#### **Abbreviations:**

EMS, Emergency Medical Services; EUPHOREA, European Pre Hospital Research Alliance; JBI, Joanna Briggs Institute; KAMEDO, Katastrofmedicinsk Organisationskomitén; MI, Major Incident; MIMMS, Major Incident Medical Management and Support Courses; OSF, Open Science Framework; PCC, Population, Concept, Context; PRISMA-ScR, Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis Extension for Scoping Reviews; TETRA, Terrestrial Trunked Radio; UHF, Ultra High Frequency; VHF, Very High Frequency

#### **Corresponding author:**

Peter Martin Hansen; Email: peter.martin.hansen@rsyd.dk.

© The Author(s), 2023. Published by Cambridge University Press on behalf of Society for Disaster Medicine and Public Health. This is an Open Access article, distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution licence (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted re-use, distribution and reproduction, provided the original article is properly cited.



# Communication in Sudden-Onset Major Incidents: Patterns and Challenges—Scoping Review

Peter Martin Hansen MD<sup>1,2,4</sup>, Søren Mikkelsen PhD<sup>3,4,5</sup> and Marius Rehn PhD<sup>5,6,7,8</sup>

<sup>1</sup>The Mobile Emergency Care Unit, Department of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care, Odense University Hospital Svendborg, Svendborg, Denmark; <sup>2</sup>Danish Air Ambulance, Aarhus N, Denmark; <sup>3</sup>The Mobile Emergency Care Unit, Department of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care, Odense University Hospital, Odense, Denmark; <sup>4</sup>The Prehospital Research Unit, Region of Southern Denmark, Odense University Hospital, Odense, Denmark; <sup>5</sup>Department of Regional Health Research, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark; <sup>6</sup>Department of Research and Development, Norwegian Air Ambulance Foundation, Oslo, Norway; <sup>7</sup>Air Ambulance Department, Division of Prehospital Services, Oslo University Hospital, Oslo, Norway and <sup>8</sup>Institute of Clinical Medicine, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway

#### Abstract

**Objective:** To identify and describe patterns and challenges in communication in sudden-onset major incidents.

**Methods:** Systematic scoping review according to Joanna Briggs Institute and PRISMA-ScR guidelines. Data sources included Cochrane Library, EMBASE, PubMed/MEDLINE, Scopus, SweMed+, Web of Science, and Google Scholar. Non-indexed literature was searched as well. The included literature went through data extraction and quality appraisal as per pre-registered protocol.

**Results:** The scoping review comprised 32 papers from different sources. Communication breakdown was reported in 25 (78.1%) of the included papers. Inter-authority communication challenges were reported in 18 (56.3%) of the papers. System overload and incompatibility was described in 9 papers (28.1%). Study design was clearly described in 30 papers (93.8%).

**Conclusions:** The pattern in major incident communication is reflected by frequent breakdowns with potential and actual consequences for patient survival and outcome. The challenges in communication are predominantly inter-authority communication, system overload and incompatibility, and insufficient pre-incident planning and guidelines.

Sudden-onset major incidents (MI) are defined as incidents that require the mobilization of extraordinary emergency medical services (EMS) resources. Communication within and between authorities is essential to achieve, maintain, and execute command and control in MI management. The sheer process of creating and sharing information and facts to reach a common understanding is essential.

Disorder and confusion are common in MI, especially in the initial phase before responding staff are in place and organized. Abnormal situations challenge normal communication routines, potentially hindering professionals in obtaining essential information regarding tasks, risks, and ability to command. Communication breakdown is frequent in MI<sup>2,3</sup> and may affect patient outcomes, safety of personnel, and the expedited return to normal conditions. Communication in MI has been sparsely quantified until recently in a case report by Hansen et al.<sup>4</sup>

Modes of communication may range from a verbal exchange of information to sophisticated digital platforms, depending on the geo-political and socio-economic settings of the MI. Low- to middle-income countries may be challenged by a lack of access to reliable, well-functioning communication systems or sufficient communication devices as well as limited planning, education, and training. Conversely, high-income countries with government funded EMS organizations typically utilize encrypted high fidelity and reliability radio systems such as the Terrestrial Trunked Radio<sup>5</sup> (TETRA) standard. Similar systems such as Very High Frequency (VHF)<sup>6</sup> and Ultra High Frequency (UHF)<sup>7</sup> radios, satellite phones,<sup>8</sup> computer-aided dispatch,<sup>9</sup> and digital platforms are in use worldwide. In addition, short wave radios and amateur (ham) radios may be used in MI management.

Communication in MI relies on technological and human integration, interpretation, processing, and output of data. Radiotelephony procedure, <sup>10</sup> radio discipline, <sup>11</sup> the use of the international NATO phonetic spelling alphabet, <sup>12</sup> and voice calling procedures <sup>13</sup> are crucial structural communication adjuncts. Human factors in emergency communication are described in theoretical models such as the Shannon Weaver <sup>14</sup> model of communication and Endsley's

2 PM Hansen *et al.* 

model of Situation Awareness<sup>15</sup> that describe the influence of factors such as stress, fatigue, interface design, and expectations on emergency communication.

Several emergency authorities are involved in the management of MI, depending on the complexity and severity of the MI in question. Communication between authorities is essential to maintain command and control, and, therefore, inter-authority communication challenges are pivotal to the review. Similarly, communication within 1 authority is defined as intra-authority communication. Therefore, the mechanisms and mitigating actions in MI communication are identical worldwide, whereas the outcome depends on a multitude of factors, such as the socioeconomic arena, pre-incident MI preparedness and training, and society infrastructure.

Technology failure due to system overload, damage, or destruction may compromise MI communication. <sup>16</sup> Similarly, incompatibility between systems used by emergency authorities can challenge MI communication.

This study aimed to systematically identify and extract the existing literature on communication in the medical management of sudden-onset MI. Furthermore, the study aimed to provide an overview of both scientific and non-indexed literature on the topic with no limitation concerning the type of study design. To our best knowledge, this is the first review of communication in MI. There is a potential to identify similarities between countries and to call for common techniques for improved results.

The review question asked in this scoping review was: What are the patterns and challenges in communication in sudden-onset major incidents?

#### **Methods**

# **Protocol and Registration**

The authors conducted a scoping review with a narrative synthesis and reported this according to the JBI<sup>17</sup> (formerly known as *Joanna Briggs Institute*) protocol and Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis Extension for Scoping Reviews (PRISMA ScR)<sup>18</sup> guidelines for reporting of systematic and scoping reviews. The protocol was published on Open Science Framework (OSF) on November 12, 2021, with registration no. 10.17605/OSF.IO/MBT7V (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/MBT7V).

# Search Strategy

The search strategy for scientific databases was developed by 1 author who is the subject specialist. The search strategy was peer-reviewed by a research librarian. The search included literature published from 1946 until January 10, 2022. Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) controlled vocabulary was used, including subheadings, various publication types, and the supplementary concept. For the scientific database search, 1 set of entry terms described communication, the second set described MI, and, finally, free search phrases were included. The 3 sets of entry terms were applied and combined (Figure 1). The following databases were searched:

- · Cochrane Library
- Embase
- Medline
- Scopus
- $\bullet$  SveMed+
- Web of Science

The search strategy was developed in Embase and Medline, validated using known references and translated to the additional databases.

One author developed the non-indexed literature search strategy with the assistance of a research librarian. The search included non-indexed literature issued from 1946 until March 15, 2022. The systematic search was performed on March 16–22, 2022. The following databases were searched:

- Web of Science
- Embase
- Scopus
- · Google Scholar
- http://www.ndltd.org
- https://www.dart-europe.org/basic-search.php
- http://www.opengrey.eu/
- https://www-base-search-net.ezproxy.uis.no/;
- https://oatd.org/

# Eligibility Criteria

The current review included literature found by an extensive search that described communication in the medical management of an MI. Furthermore, captured literature stating that the incident described was considered an MI was included in the scoping review.

#### Inclusion criteria

- Literature reporting major incident communication
- Literature published after 1946 and until the date of the literature search

# Exclusion criteria

- Non-English literature, except for Scandinavian
- Literature without an available abstract in English or Scandinavian
- Literature reporting only technological aspects

The use of a specific definition was obviated to avoid the exclusion of possible relevant studies. The study population was an MI, concept was communication, and context was medical management of the MI.

#### Selection of Sources of Evidence

Results were collected and combined in the Endnote20° software<sup>19</sup> (Alfasoft AB, Gothenburg, Sweden), and duplicate studies were eliminated using the Covidence° (Veritas Health Innovation, Melbourne, Australia) software.<sup>20</sup> For the identification of potentially eligible studies and papers, 1 author screened titles and abstracts carefully. For eligible studies, full-text retrieval and review were performed.

# Data Charting Process and Data Items

As per protocol, the chosen studies were read for data sampling and quality appraisal. A data extraction template was modified from related studies<sup>21,22</sup> and validated by 2 authors using known references.<sup>23,24</sup> The template included 30 items of interest, divided into 4 subheadings that included MI demography, communication, incident characteristics, and incident response.

## 1. Set of entry terms:

Radio communication OR
Tele communication OR
Communication systems OR
Coms OR
TETRA OR
Terrestrial Trunked Radio

# AND

# 2. Set of entry terms: Calamity OR

AND

Polytrauma OR Disasters OR Terror OR Multitrauma

Fatality OR

Catastrophe OR

# 3. Free search phrases:

EMS communication systems OR Multi-disciplinary OR Cross-disciplinary OR Inter-disciplinary OR Emergency

Figure 1. Search strategy. Two sets of entry terms and free search phrases.

#### Deviations from Protocol in Literature Search

In Scopus, the entry term "tele-communication" was excluded due to many irrelevant results. The amendment was promptly registered in the Open Science Framework for protocol adherence.

# Analysis of Identified Literature

A data analysis was conducted according to the registered protocol using Population, Concept, Context (PCC) as per JBI protocol and PRISMA ScR<sup>18</sup> guidelines for non-indexed and indexed literature search. From each of the included articles and papers, 30 data items were extracted in accordance with the pre-registered protocol.

# **Data Synthesis**

Due to the lack of outcome variables per se, 1 author performed a textual narrative analysis of the findings from each of the included studies and structured a synthesis based on the characteristics of the studies on the types of MI and communication challenges they described.

#### Ethical and Legal Considerations

According to Danish and Norwegian law, ethical approval is not required for scoping reviews.

# **Results**

#### Identification of Studies from the Main Database Search

In total, 10 494 articles, papers, and studies were imported from 6 databases. The removal of duplicates (2629) produced 7865 studies, whose titles and abstracts were screened. This process rendered 45 full-text articles and papers that were assessed for eligibility. Thirty-one articles were excluded, and 14 that met the inclusion criteria were included in the scoping review. The selection process and the reasons for exclusion are listed in the PRISMA ScR flow diagram (Figure 2). A detailed description of the search strategies can be found in additional material, Appendices 1-6. The PRISMA ScR checklist is provided in Appendix 8.

# Identification of Studies from the Non-Indexed Literature Search

The non-indexed literature search identified 256 published articles, of which 238 were excluded after screening based on title and, when available, abstract. Eighteen articles and papers were included after a full-text review. The PRISMA ScR flow diagram

(see Figure 2) shows the selection process. The scoping review comprised 32 papers.<sup>2,4,25–54</sup>

#### Main Results

The main finding of the scoping review was communication breakdown, which was seen in 25 papers. In 18 papers, interauthority communication was challenged. Communication system overload and incompatibility were both found in 9 papers. Insufficient pre-incident planning and non-intuitive guidelines were important findings as well. Main results are summarized in Table 1.

Basic information on the affected area was available in 28 papers; access to the incident site and the affected population was accounted for in 27 papers. The type of communication device was described in 25 papers, whereas the specific type of breakdown was described in 23 papers. A timeline for the incident was provided in 29 papers, and details on deceased victims, injured victims, and the total number of victims were reported in 26 papers. Basic EMS information was described in 24 papers. Findings from the data extraction are presented in Table 2. Narrative details of the included sources are summarized in Tables 3 and 4 and expanded in supplementary material, Appendix 7.

#### Limitations

The items for data extraction and quality appraisal were selected according to their assumed relevance and their ability to inform the review question. These items may not be complete or represent a reference standard, since no such standard exists. Similarly, it may represent a potential weakness that only articles in English and Scandinavian languages were included since MIs occur worldwide and predominantly in low- to middle-income countries because of natural disasters. This represents a language limitation. Scientific articles without abstracts were not included, which may have failed to identify relevant studies; the single-reviewer format of this scoping review may have also contributed to that.

The single-reviewer format is definitely a limitation and introduces selection and publication bias, since only 1 author performed the initial review of literature for inclusion. One author performed data extraction using templates developed as per protocol ahead of the search and validated using known references. A second author checked the results, but this allows for subjective interpretations of the findings. This represents an important deviation from the PRISMA-ScR guideline, that may limit the screening process, as any disagreement or inconsistency in the review process cannot be resolved. However, this was seen in previous disaster medicine literature.<sup>57</sup>

4 PM Hansen *et al.* 

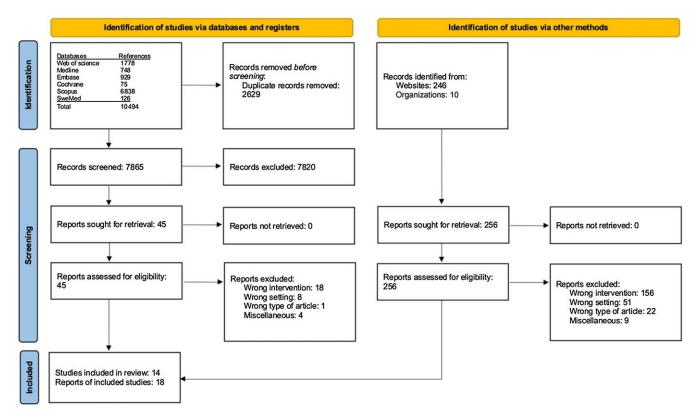


Figure 2. PRISMA ScR flow diagram depicting the different scoping review stages.

Table 1. Main findings from the scoping review

| Communication problem                                      | n  |
|--|----|
| Communication breakdown                                    | 25 |
| Inter-authority communication challenges                   | 18 |
| Communication system overload                              | 9  |
| Communication systems incompatibility                      | 9  |
| Insufficient pre-incident major incident planning          | 7  |
| Non-intuitive major incident guidelines                    | 5  |
| Intra-authority communication challenges                   | 4  |
| Cross-border communication challenges                      | 2  |
| Lacking initial training in communication device operation | 2  |
| Civilian vs military jurisdiction difficulties             | 1  |

Similarly, the unintended inclusion of multiple reports on the same spectacular incidents is indicative of potential skewness, selection, and publication bias. However, the use of a priori protocol registered ahead of any searches contributed to an unbiased search for all literature relevant to answer the review question and 1 single protocol deviation constitutes the strengths of the study.

#### **Discussion**

# **Summary of Findings**

The pattern of communication in major incidents is frequent breakdowns for mainly unspecified reasons. The challenges are predominantly inter-authority communication, system overload and incompatibility, and insufficient introduction and training in the use of communication devices. The majority of papers were case reports (78.1%), ranking low in the hierarchy of research. However, the ability to answer the review question was generally good and provides a foundation to identify knowledge and research gaps for future research efforts. The lack of high-quality observational studies hinders conclusions that can be used by policy-makers to develop guidelines for MI management.

# Major Incident Characteristics from Included Literature

In general, the included papers described MI and disasters with a high degree of detail. Most papers addressed relevant incident data, access to the incident site, and the characteristics of injured patients and deceased patients. The heterogeneous nature of MI and disasters is mirrored in the descriptions that range from compensated MI with ample resources to sheer chaos, endangering the survival and outcome of the victims. Therefore, the included literature ranges from relatively simple MI related to road traffic incidents to uncompensated natural disasters and complex terrorist attacks killing thousands of people. The included incidents are reported from all over the world, excluding Africa, which is incidental.

The EM-DAT database<sup>55,56</sup> provides full insight into the demographic and geographical distribution of MIs and disasters. The database provides information that natural disasters kill approximately 45 000 people each year.<sup>55</sup> This number has decreased significantly in the last decade<sup>56</sup> as the result of better standards of living, infrastructure, and enhanced response systems in World Bank defined<sup>58</sup> low-income countries.

#### Communication Breakdown

The scoping review found that communication failure was predominant in the included literature, with breakdown reported

Table 2. Data extraction instrument

|                              | DEMOGRAPHY                                |  |                                   |   | COMMUNICATION INCIDENT CHARACTERISTICS     |                              |   |  |                                |                               |   |                   |                         |  |                                       |                                       |                                      |
|------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                              | Basic info<br>affected<br>area            | Basic info<br>on<br>affected<br>population | Accessibility<br>in the<br>region | Other<br>relevant<br>pre-incident<br>data | Communication<br>type                      | Type<br>of<br>coms<br>device | Communication<br>mode – in<br>everyday ops<br>and in MI | Other<br>relevant<br>coms<br>characteristics | Time,<br>date,<br>and<br>place | Descrip<br>of incid<br>caused | dent and damage it                                    | Number<br>of dead | Number<br>of<br>injured | Total<br>number<br>of vic-<br>tims<br>involved | Scene<br>access                       | Distance<br>to<br>hospitals           | Other<br>incident<br>characteristics |
| Ackermann et al.             | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | N  | N                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | N                                     | Υ                                    |
| Björnstig et al.             | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | N                                     | Υ                                    |
| Brismar et al.               | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | N  | N                            | N   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Brändström et al.,<br>2006   | Y   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Y   | N  | N                            | Υ   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Brändström et al.,<br>2007   | Y   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Y  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Y  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Buerk et al.                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | N                                     | Υ                                    |
| Butts et al.                 | Υ   | N  | N                                 | N   | Υ  | Υ                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | N                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | N                                    |
| Englund et al.               | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Gomez et al.                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hansen et al.                | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hardy, 2013                  | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hardy et al., 2015           | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hedelin et al.               | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Helktne                      | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hu et al.                    | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | N                            | Υ   | N  | N                              | N                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | N                                    |
| Huang et al.                 | N   | N  | N                                 | N   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | N  | N                              | N                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | Υ                                    |
| Hägnevik et al.              | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Iselius                      | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| lversen                      | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Jama                         | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Kapucu et al.                | N   | N  | N                                 | N   | Υ  | N                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | N                                     | N                                     | N                                    |
| Kulling et al., 1993         | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | N  | N                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Kulling et al., 1997         | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | N  | N                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Lavery et al.                | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | N                            | N   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Palttala et al.              | N   | N  | N                                 | N   | N  | N                            | N   | N  | N                              | N                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | N                                    |
| Picazo et al.                | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Rehn                         | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Υ                                    |
| Rimstad et al.               | Y   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | N  | N                            | N   | N  | Υ                              | Υ                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | Υ                                    |
| Román-Morales                | Y   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Y   | Y  | Υ                            | Y   | Υ  | Υ                              | Y                             |   | Υ                 | Υ                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Y                                    |
| Sollid, 2011                 | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Y  | Υ                            | Y   | Y  | Υ Υ                            | Υ Υ                           |   | Υ Υ               | Y                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                                     | Y                                    |
| Sollid et al., 2012          | Y   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Y   | Y  | Y                            | Y   | Y  | Y                              | Y                             |   | Υ                 | Y                       | Y  | Y                                     | Υ                                     | Y                                    |
| Yamamura et al.              | N N                                       | N  | N N                               | N N                                       | Y  | Y                            | N N   | Ϋ́   | Y                              | N                             |   | N                 | N                       | N  | N                                     | N                                     | N N                                  |
| h                            | nformation on<br>ow the MI was<br>eclared | The timelir<br>the medica<br>response      |                                   | partici- wer                              | t tasks<br>e per- Patient<br>ned logistics | Number<br>coms de<br>ces     |   | Attempts to rec-<br>tify coms break-<br>down | Fall-bao<br>native o<br>system |                               | Fall-back/alternative<br>non-technical coms<br>system |                   | ground<br>educa-        | Scene o  | Coms break-<br>lown conse-<br>juences | Other ind<br>dent<br>response<br>data |                                      |
| Ackermann Y et al.           |   | Υ  | N                                 | Υ   | Υ  | N                            | N   | N  | N                              |                               | N   | N                 |                         | 1 Y  | ı                                     | Υ                                     |                                      |
| Björnstig N<br>et al.        |   | N  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Υ  | N                            | Υ   | Υ  | Υ                              |                               | N   | Υ                 |                         | 1 Y  | I                                     | Υ                                     |                                      |
| Brismar Y<br>et al.          |   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Υ   | Y  | N                            | Y   | Υ  | Υ                              |                               | Υ   | N                 |                         | Υ \  |                                       | Υ                                     |                                      |
| Brändström Y<br>et al., 2006 |   | Υ  | Υ                                 | Y   | Y  | N                            | N   | N  | N                              |                               | N   | N                 |                         | Υ \  |                                       | Υ                                     |                                      |

Table 2. (Continued)

|                            | Information on<br>how the MI was<br>declared | The timeline for the medical response | Who partici-<br>pated | What tasks<br>were per-<br>formed | Patient<br>logistics | Number of<br>coms devi-<br>ces | Type of<br>coms<br>breakdown | Attempts to rec-<br>tify coms break-<br>down | Fall-back/alter-<br>native coms<br>system | Fall-back/alternative<br>non-technical coms<br>system | Background<br>coms educa-<br>tion | Scene<br>safety | Coms break-<br>down conse-<br>quences | Other inci-<br>dent<br>response<br>data |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Brändström<br>et al., 2007 | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | Υ   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Buerk et al.               | N  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | N                                     | Υ                                       |
| Butts et al.               | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | N                                       |
| Englund<br>et al.          | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | Υ   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Y                                       |
| Gomez<br>et al.            | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | Υ   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hansen<br>et al.           | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | Υ                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | Υ                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hardy, 2013                | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hardy et al.,<br>2015      | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hedelin<br>et al.          | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Heltne                     | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hu et al.                  | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | N                                       |
| Huang et al.               | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Hägnevik<br>et al.         | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | Υ   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Iselius                    | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Iversen                    | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | Υ                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Jama                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Kapuca<br>et al.           | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | N                                       |
| Kulling<br>et al., 1993    | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Kulling<br>et al., 1997    | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Lavery et al.              | N  | Υ                                     | N                     | N                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Palttale<br>et al.         | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | N                                     | N                                       |
| Picazo et al.              | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Rehn                       | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Rimstad<br>et al.          | N  | N                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | N                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | Y               | N                                     | Υ                                       |
| Román-<br>Morales          | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | N   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Sollid, 2011               | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | Υ               | N                                     | Υ                                       |
| Sollid et al.,<br>2012     | Υ  | Υ                                     | Υ                     | Υ                                 | Υ                    | N                              | Υ                            | Υ  | Υ   | N   | N                                 | Y               | Υ                                     | Υ                                       |
| Yamamura<br>et al.         | N  | N                                     | N                     | N                                 | N                    | N                              | N                            | N  | N   | N   | N                                 | N               | N                                     | N                                       |

Coms, communication; MI, major incident; Y, yes; N, no; ?, unclear.

Table 3. Study designs and description of communication from included literature

| Paper   | Method            | Description of communication  |
|---|-------------------|---|
| 1. Ackermann et al., 2011                                     | Case report       | Injury focus; preparedness plans; hospital capacity   |
| 2. Björnstig et al., 2011                                     | Case report       | Command & control; cooperation; coms breakdown  |
| 3. Brismar et al., 1990                                       | Case report       | Command & control, MI declaration, coms breakdown   |
| 4. Brändström et al., 2006                                    | Case report       | Command & control; coms breakdown; Medevac  |
| 5. Brändström et al., 2007                                    | Case report       | Command & control; coms breakdown, triage   |
| 6. Buerk et al., 1982   | Case report       | Scene description; information flow; triage; HEMS   |
| 7. Butts et al., 2007   | Mixed methods     | Coms breakdown; alternative pathways  |
| 8. Englund et al., 2012                                       | Case report       | Command & control; inter-authority communication, Intra-authority communication   |
| 9. Gomez et al., 2007 (Same MI as<br>Brändström et al., 2007) | Case report       | Command & control; coms breakdown   |
| 10. Hansen et al., 2021                                       | Case report       | Coms grid adherence; affiliation times; pre-incident coms education; coms<br>breakdown consequences                         |
| 11. Hardy, 2013   | Case report       | Intra-authority communication issues, inter-authority communication issues  |
| 12. Hardy et al., 2015  | Case report       | Intra-authority communication issues  |
| (Same MI as Hardy., 2013)                                     |                   |   |
| 13. Hedelin et al., 2006                                      | Case report       | Command & control; pre-incident preparedness  |
| 14. Heltne, 2013  | Case report       | Coms breakdown; coms coverage; coms limits  |
| 15. Hu et al., 2014   | Literature review | Inter-authority and cross-sector coordination   |
| 16. Huang et al., 2012  | Mixed methods     | Disaster response focus; coms breakdown   |
| 17. Hägnevik et al., 1996                                     | Case report       | Command & control; inter-authority communication  |
| 18. Iselius, 2004   | Case report       | Command & control; coms breakdown consequences  |
| 19. Iversen, 2019   | Case report       | Command & control; pre-incident coms setup  |
| 20. Jama, 2007  | Case report       | Inter-authority coms; command & control   |
| 21. Kapucu et al., 2006<br>(Same MI as Butts et al.)          | Consensus paper   | Inter-authority communication; coms breakdown   |
| 22. Kulling et al., 1993                                      | Case report       | Command & control; cross-nation coordination  |
| 23. Kulling et al., 1997                                      | Case report       | Cross-nation coordination; alternative coms   |
| 24. Lavery et al., 2005                                       | Case report       | Intra-authority communication; pre-incident issues; coms breakdown  |
| 25. Palttala et al., 2012                                     | Questionnaire     | Coms challenges; coms training and experience   |
| 26. Picazo et al., 2010                                       | Case report       | Command & control; pre-incident preparedness  |
| 27. Rehn, 2000  | Case report       | Command & control; coms breakdown; triage   |
| 28. Rimstad et al., 2015 (Same MI as<br>Englund et al.)       | Mixed methods     | Situation assessment; information sharing; knowledge and experience; decision-<br>making focus                              |
| 29. Román-Morales, 2015                                       | Case report       | Command & control; inter-authority issues; coms breakdown; funding of coms  |
| 30. Sollid, 2011  | Case report       | Command & control; inter-authority communication; intra-authority communication; coms breakdown (Same MI as Englund et al.) |
| 31. Sollid et al., 2012 (Same MI as<br>Englund et al.)        | Case report       | Command & control; inter-authority communication; intra-authority communication, coms breakdown                             |
| 32. Yamamura et al., 2014                                     | Questionnaire     | Intra-authority communication, coms focus   |

Coms, communication; MI, major incident; HEMS, helicopter emergency medical services; Medevac, medical evacuation.

in 25 of 29 papers disclosing operational data. Failure may rank from intermittent to permanent, and the consequences depend on the mitigating efforts to rectify or compensate for the breakdown. The definitions by majorincidentreporting.net<sup>21</sup> and Major Incident Medical Management and Support Courses (MIMMS)<sup>59</sup> focus on the availability of extraordinary resources. Therefore, the geopolitical and socio-economic setting is paramount, that is, an EMS response to a road traffic incident in Finland may be standard due to ample resources, whereas the similar injury mechanism may represent an MI in Sudan. Accordingly, consequences of communication breakdown will depend on the setting of the MI.

When communication is compromised, command and control may be lost. Measures to mitigate episodes of lost command and control are simple in everyday operations;

however, in an MI, the complexity of the situation and the breakdown of essential systems may hamper such attempts. From the definition, <sup>60,61</sup> it follows that the "organizational and technical attributes and processes that employs human, physical, and information resources to solve problems and accomplish missions" are complex entities that involve a solid framework, substantial basic and ongoing training, and the support from leadership and management.

The consequences of a breakdown in command and control may be immense, with unnecessary fatalities 45,46 and prolonged interventions 54 before a society's return to a normal state. Therefore, mitigating actions to re-establish command and control should be part of any MI preparedness framework, 62-64 describing alternative communication pathways and redundancy.

8 PM Hansen *et al.* 

Table 4. Major incident characteristics from included literature

| Paper  | Location    | Dead/injured | Type of MI/disaster                           |
|--|-------------|--------------|---|
| 1. Ackermann et al., 2011                                  | GER         | 21/500+      | Mass gathering at music festival              |
| 2. Björnstig et al., 2011                                  | SWE         | 30/355       | Buss crashes                                  |
| 3. Brismar et al., 1990                                    | GER         | 70/346       | Air show plane crash                          |
| 4. Brändström et al., 2006                                 | RI          | 202/300+     | Terrorist bomb attacks at bars/discos         |
| 5. Brändström et al., 2007                                 | ESP         | 193/2050     | Terrorist train bomb attacks                  |
| 6. Buerk et al., 1982                                      | USA         | 85/613       | Hotel fire                                    |
| 7. Butts et al., 2007                                      | USA         | 2995/2680    | 2001 9/11 World Trade Center terrorist attack |
| 8. Englund et al., 2012                                    | NOR         | 76/159       | Oslo/Utøya terrorist attacks                  |
| 9. Gomez et al., 2007 (Same MI as Brändström et al., 2007) | ESP         | 193/2050     | Terrorist train bomb attacks                  |
| 10. Hansen et al., 2021                                    | DEN         | 8/15         | Train collision on bridge                     |
| 11. Hardy, 2013  | UK          | 0/69         | Road traffic accident on bridge               |
| 12. Hardy et al., 2015 (Same MI as Hardy, 2013)            | UK          | 0/69         | Road traffic accident on bridge               |
| 13. Hedelin et al., 2006                                   | UK          | 31/417       | Train accident                                |
| 14. Heltne, 2013   | NOR         | 0/66         | Truck and tunnel fire                         |
| 15. Hu et al., 2014  | USA         | N/A          | N/A   |
| 16. Huang et al., 2012                                     | CN          | N/A          | N/A   |
| 17. Hägnevik et al., 1996                                  | USA         | 6/1000+      | 1993 World Trade Center terrorist attack      |
| 18. Iselius, 2004  | GER         | 101/88       | Train accident                                |
| 19. lversen, 2019  | NOR         | 0/22         | Bus rollover                                  |
| 20. Jama, 2007   | FIN         | 8/14         | School shooting                               |
| 21. Kapucu et al., 2006 (Same MI as Butts et al.)          | USA         | 2995/2680    | 2001 9/11 World Trade Center terrorist attack |
| 22. Kulling et al., 1993                                   | SWE/DEN     | 159/30       | Scandinavian Star ferry fire                  |
| 23. Kulling et al., 1997                                   | FIN/SWE/EST | 852/137      | Estonia ferry shipwreck                       |
| 24. Lavery et al., 2005                                    | NIR         | 29/336       | Terrorist bomb attack                         |
| 25. Palttala et al., 2012                                  | N/A         | N/A          | N/A   |
| 26. Picazo et al., 2010                                    | CHI         | 81/20        | Prison fire                                   |
| 27. Rehn, 2000   | NOR         | 19/67        | Train collision                               |
| 28. Rimstad et al., 2015 (Same MI as Englund et al.)       | NOR         | N/A          | Oslo/Utøya terrorist attacks                  |
| 29. Román-Morales, 2015                                    | MEX         | 0/71         | Gas explosion at neonate hospital             |
| 30. Sollid, 2011 (Same MI as Englund et al.)               | NOR         | 68/61        | Utøya terrorist attacks                       |
| 31. Sollid et al., 2012                                    | NOR         | 76/159       | Oslo/Utøya terrorist attacks                  |
| 32. Yamamura et al., 2014                                  | JPN         | 19747/6242   | Earthquake East Japan                         |

MI, major incident; N/A, not applicable; 9/11, September 11; GER, Germany, SWE, Sweden; RI, Indonesia; ESP, Spain; USA, United States of America; NOR, Norway; DEN, Denmark; UK, United Kingdom; CN, China; FIN, Finland; EST, Estonia; NIR, Northern Ireland; CHI, Chile; MEX, Mexico; JPN, Japan.

# Inter-Authority Communication Challenges

Communication is one of the key foundations of inter-authority cooperation. However, several obstacles may compromise communication between authorities, including different terminology and perception of nomenclature; the widespread use of abbreviations; different nomenclature between authorities; and, finally, different priorities in respective sectors.

Especially the use of abbreviations may be a challenge in interauthority communication and lead to mistakes, described by Holper. 66 In the study, the authors found that more than 30% of all abbreviations used in a general medical unit were ambiguous. Coghlan et al. 67 found the same pattern in the use of abbreviations in hospital discharge summaries, leading to potentially compromised patient care.

MI managers from different sectors have the same objective, but different approaches and priorities may hinder common tactical progression in the management. However, in complex arenas such as MIs, organizations tend to develop both formal and informal relationships for joint efforts, described by Kapucu.<sup>68</sup>

Grounded in network and complexity theories, a concept of interdependency between authorities in extreme situations is described. Interdependency may positively influence organizations in their adaptation to complicated or dynamic arenas such as MIs, enabling a better outcome.

# Communication Systems Overload and Incompatibility

System overload and/or incompatibility are represented in 18 of the included papers, echoing the fact that communication systems are vulnerable, complex, and subjected to financial priorities, for example. Communication systems that operate close to maximum capacity<sup>69</sup> under normal day-to-day conditions will invariably overload and may consequently suffer breakdown during surge situations such as an MI. Similarly, the compatibility of communication systems between different authorities and sectors<sup>70,71</sup> may present a barrier to MI communication, for example, between military and civilian authorities related to secrecy and encryption.

# Insufficient Pre-Incident Major Incident Plans and Guidelines

In 12 papers, insufficient pre-incident MI plans and non-intuitive MI guidelines are reported. EMS personnel may be challenged by MI guidelines<sup>62–64</sup> that are significantly different from daily operations, although they clearly describe MI communication. Guidelines should serve to establish, maintain, and execute command and control.<sup>60,61</sup>

# Consequences of Lacking Initial Training in the Use of Communication Devices

Holm<sup>72</sup> has described the effects of lacking initial training in the use of communication devices among Danish prehospital physicians, reported in 2 papers. This study found that 38% had not received any initial training at all, whereas 29% rated their skills as advanced or expert level. Thirty-one percent of the responders did not feel capable of being able to handle communication sufficiently in an MI.

Simulation training in the use of radio communication has not been utilized extensively, <sup>73</sup> whereas simulations in prehospital trauma care<sup>74</sup> and ultrasound, <sup>75,76</sup> for example, are widely implemented with significantly improved performance after completing training. In the study by Holm, <sup>72</sup> implementation of a simulation is recommended for improvement of communication skills.

# Major Incident Case Reports

Most of the included literature in the scoping review are case reports, which are limited by their retrospective, non-blinded, and nonrandomized trial design. As such, this constitutes a source of bias that may affect the study outcome. Any findings provided by case reports might not be generalizable and therefore may not be useful in establishing a cause-effect relationship, with a consequentially high risk of over-interpretation.

A study by Krusenvik<sup>78</sup> found that case reports may provide indepth relevant data since they originate from reality and may promote an understanding of complex, real-life situations. Findings are context-sensitive and may enhance new theories and add strength to previous research findings. The disadvantages are their limited generalizability and rigor.

Crowe et al.<sup>79</sup> found that case studies are suitable for the detailed, real-life context description of critical events and interventions, for example. Therefore, case studies should be considered when no available experimental design is appropriate to answer the research question or it is impossible regarding setting, legislation, ethics, and so on.

#### **Future Research Perspectives**

An agreement on a uniformly accepted nomenclature and a common definition of MI and disasters is essential. The use of common entities in the description of an MI will enhance the evaluation and dissemination of lessons learned in MI management locally and internationally.

This scoping review found that the predominant research design consisted of case reports, suggesting that until hypotheses have been generated for future research, systematic reporting should be endorsed or mandated by EMS management. Reporting resources such as the website, majorincidentreporting.net,<sup>21</sup> and similar portals should enjoy the support and endorsement from management and authorities, perhaps using public outreach in forums such as EUPHOREA.<sup>80</sup>

The future might call for an international multicenter, prospective observational study on MI communication with a

focus on command and control and intra- and inter-disciplinary communication. Similarly, feasibility or simulation studies of new communication methods and implementation of guidelines could provide knowledge on future MI communication progression. This scoping review has demonstrated research and knowledge gaps that would benefit from a deeper understanding of experience, for example, from studies performed during large-scale exercises or tabletop scenarios.

Systematic scientific research in the field is called for, since most of the included papers describe communication breakdowns, with both potential and actual consequences for patient survival and outcome and for society's expedited return to a normal state.

# Implications of the Findings

The included material discloses that communication challenges and breakdowns are predominant in MIs and represent potential and actual threats to (1) command and control, and (2) patient survival and outcome. There is a need for high fidelity and reliable communication devices and easy-to-follow guidelines for communication with a clearly defined grid. Pre-incident training in the use of communication devices should be highly prioritized at the same level as medical skills, and efforts to enhance resilience are paramount. The implications may be applied worldwide, as MI mechanisms and mitigating actions are uniform, however, context-sensitive, which should be taken into account in MI preparedness planning.

#### **Conclusions**

Frequent breakdowns in communication are a pattern in MIs, mainly for unspecified reasons. The challenges in communication are predominantly inter-authority communication, insufficient pre-incident planning and guidelines, lost command and control, and system overload and incompatibility.

**Supplementary material.** To view supplementary material for this article, please visit https://doi.org/10.1017/dmp.2023.132

**Acknowledgments.** The authors thank Herdis Foverskov and Mette Brandt Eriksen (University of Southern Denmark Library, Odense, Denmark), who assisted invaluably in the literature search.

**Author contribution.** PMH and MR conceived and designed the work; acquired, analyzed, and interpreted the data; and completed the first draft of the manuscript. SM substantively revised the manuscript. MR contributed to the design and progress of the work and substantively revised the manuscript. All authors read and approved the final manuscript.

**Competing interests.** The authors declare that they have no conflicts of interest.

**Ethical standard.** According to Danish and Norwegian law, ethics approvals are not required for scoping reviews.

#### References

- Fattah S, Rehn M, Reierth E, Wisborg T. Templates for reporting prehospital major incident medical management: systematic literature review. BMJ Open. 2012;2(3):e001082. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2012-001082
- Sollid SJ, Rimstad R, Rehn M, et al. Oslo government district bombing and Utøya island shooting July 22, 2011: the immediate prehospital emergency medical service response. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2012;20:3. doi: 10.1186/1757-7241-20-3
- 3. Wurmb T, Franke A, Schorscher N, et al. Emergency response to terrorist attacks: results of the federal-conducted evaluation process in Germany.

- Eur J Trauma Emerg Surg. 2020;46(4):725-730. doi: 10.1007/s00068-020-01347-8
- Hansen PM, Jepsen SB, Mikkelsen S, Rehn M. The Great Belt train accident: the emergency medical services response. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2021;29(1):140. doi: 10.1186/s13049-021-00954-7
- The Terrestrial Trunked Radio Standard. European Telecommunications Standard Institute. Published 2022. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.etsi.org/technologies/tetra
- Handbook in VHF-radio Communication for Radio Operators with Coastal Traffic Certificate. In Swedish. Kommunikationsverket. Published 2010. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.traficom.fi/sites/default/files/media/file/VHF-handbok.pdf
- Radio Communications (Citizen Band Radio Stations) Class License 2015.
   Federal Register of Legislation. Australian Government. Published 2015. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/ F2017C00476
- 8. Lamminen H. Mobile satellite systems. *J Telemed Telecare*. 1999;5(2): 71-83. doi: 10.1258/1357633991933323
- Horn DW. An integrated public-safety computer-aided dispatch system. In-press master's thesis project. ResearchGate. Published 2005. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.researchgate.net/publications/304165035\_ TMC Simulator
- ITU Radiocommunication Assembly. Radiotelephony Procedures. ITU. Published 1995. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.itu.int/dms\_pubrec/itu-r/rec/m/R-REC-M.1171-0-199510-I!!PDF-E.pdf
- 11. CAP REGULATION 100-3 Radiotelephone Operations. National Headquarters Civil Air Patrol. Published 2016. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.gocivilairpatrol.com/media/cms/R100\_003\_4C83447E87350.pdf
- Definition: Phonetic Alphabet. Federal Standard 1037C: Glossary of Telecommunication Terms. National Communications System. Published 1996. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://telecommnet.com/wp-content/ uploads/2018/12/Ex.-1008-Federal-Standard-1037C-2.pdf
- Voice Calling Procedure. International Telecommunication Union. Published 2022. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-R/Pages/default.aspx
- Chandler D. The transmission model of communication. Published 1995.
   Accessed January 24, 2023. https://archive.ph/20120716111950/http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/short/trans.html
- 15. **Endsley MR.** Measurement of situation awareness in dynamic systems. *Hum Factors.* 1995;37(1):65-84.
- De Cauwer H, Barten D, Willems M, et al. Communication failure in the prehospital response to major terrorist attacks: lessons learned and future directions. Eur J Trauma Emerg Surg. Published online October 10, 2022. doi: 10.1007/s00068-022-02131-6
- 18. **Page MJ, McKenzie JE, Bossuyt PM, et al.** The PRISMA 2020 statement: an updated guideline for reporting systematic reviews. *Syst Rev.* 2021;10:89. doi: 10.1186/s13643-021-01626-4
- Tricco AC, Lillie E, Zarin W, et al. PRISMA extension for scoping reviews (PRISMA-ScR): checklist and explanation. Ann Intern Med. 2018; 169(7):467-473. doi: 10.7326/M18-0850
- Gotschall T. EndNote 20 desktop version. J Med Libr Assoc. 2021;109(3):520-522. doi: 10.5195/jmla.2021.1260
- Create and Publish a Data Extraction Template. Covidence. Published 2022. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://support.covidence.org/help/ create-and-publish-a-data-extraction-template
- Fattah S, Rehn M, Lockey D, et al. Major incidence reporting collaborators. A consensus-based template for reporting of pre-hospital major incident medical management. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2014;22:5. doi: 10.1186/s13049-014-0042-6
- 23. Johnsen AS, Fattah S, Sollid SJ, Rehn M. Utilisation of helicopter emergency medical services in the early medical response to major incidents: a systematic literature review. BMJ Open. 2016;6(2):e010307. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2015-010307

- 24. **Peters MDJ, Godfrey C, McInerney P, et al.** Best practice guidance and reporting items for the development of scoping review protocols. *JBI Evid Synth.* 2022;20(4):953-968. doi: 10.11124/JBIES-21-00242
- 25. **Peters MDJ, Marnie C, Colquhoun H, et al.** Scoping reviews: reinforcing and advancing the methodology and application. *Syst Rev.* 2021;10(1):263. doi: 10.1186/s13643-021-01821-3
- Ackermann O, Lahm A, Pfohl M, et al. Patient care at the 2010 Love Parade in Duisburg, Germany: clinical experiences. Dtsch Arztebl Int. 2011;108(28-29):483-489. doi: 10.3238/arztebl.2011.0483
- Major Bus Crashes in Sweden 1997-2007. Kamedo Report No. 94. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 2010. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/2010-10-5.pdf
- Olyckan vid flyguppvisningen vid Ramsteinbasen den 28 augusti 1988.
   Kamedo Report No. 57. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen.
   Published 1990. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/1990-3-31.pdf
- Terrorattacken på Bali 2002. Kamedo Report No. 89. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 2006. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/ artikelkatalog/ovrigt/2006-123-22\_200612322.pdf
- The Terror Attacks in Madrid, Spain, 2004. Kamedo Report No. 90. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 2006. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/2006-123-40\_200612340.pdf
- 31. Buerk CA, Batdorf JW, Cammack KV, Ravenholt O. The MGM Grand Hotel fire: lessons learned from a major disaster. *Arch Surg.* 1982;117(5):641-644. doi: 10.1001/archsurg.1982.01380290087015
- Butts CT, Petrescu-Parova M, Cross BR. Responder communication networks in the World Trade Center disaster: implications for modelling of communication within emergency settings. J Math Sociol. 2007;31(2):121-147.
- Bombattentatet I Oslo och skjutningarna på Utøya 2011. Kamedo Report No. 97. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 2012. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/2012-8-6.pdf
- 34. **Gómez AM, Domínguez CJ, Pedrueza CI, et al.** Management and analysis of out-of-hospital health-related responses to simultaneous railway explosions in Madrid, Spain. *Eur J Emerg Med.* 2007;14(5):247-255. doi: 10.1097/MEJ.0b013e3280bef7c2
- Hardy SE. Sheppey Crossing bridge. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Sheppey\_Crossing\_Bridge.pdf
- 36. **Hardy SE.** Major incident in Kent: a case report. *Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med.* 2015;23:71.
- Hedelin A, Ortenwall P, Ortgren PO, Riddez L; Swedish Disaster Medicine Study Organization. KAMEDO report no. 80: train accident in England, 1999. Prehosp Disaster Med. 2006;21(2):121-122.
- Heltne J. Truck and tunnel fire. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/heltne.pdf
- Hu Q, Knox CC, Kapucu N. What have we learned since September 11, 2001? A network study of the Boston Marathon bombings response. *Public Adm Rev.* 2014;74:698-712.
- 40. **Huang J, Lien Y.** Challenges of emergency communication network for disaster response. 2012 IEEE International Conference on Communication Systems (ICCS); 2012:528-532.
- 41. Explosionen vid World Trade Center I New York den 26 februari 1993. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 1996. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/1996-3-20.pdf
- 42. **Tågulykken I Tyskland** 1998. Kamedo Report 79. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 2004. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/2004-123-3\_20041233.pdf
- Iversen HR. Bus rollover in Skaidi, northern Norway. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://major incidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/bus\_rollover\_report.pdf

- Jama T. School shooting at Jokela Centre, Finland. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://major incidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/jokela-shooting.pdf
- Kapucu N. Interagency communication networks during emergencies: boundary spanners in multiagency coordination. Am Rev Public Adm. 2006;36(2):207-225.
- 46. Branden på passagerarfärjan Scandinavian Star den 7. April 1990. Kamedo Report No. 60. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 1993. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/1993-03-3.pdf
- Estoniakatastrofen. M/S Estonias förlisning i Östersjön den 28 september 1994. Kamedo Report No. 68. In Swedish with English summary. Socialstyrelsen. Published 1997. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/globalassets/sharepoint-dokument/artikelkatalog/ovrigt/ 1997-3-15.pdf
- Lavery GG, Horan E. Clinical review: communication and logistics in the response to the 1998 terrorist bombing in Omagh, Northern Ireland. Crit Care. 2005;9(4):401-408. doi: 10.1186/cc3502
- Palttala P, Boano C, Lund R, Vos M. Communication gaps in disaster management. J Contingencies Crisis Manag. 2012;20:2-12.
- Picazo P, Beccera C, Herrada L, et al. Prison fire. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/picazo3.pdf
- Rehn M. Train collision. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020.
   Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Train\_collision.pdf
- Rimstad R, Sollid SJ. Retrospective observational study of medical incident command and decision-making in the 2011 Oslo bombing. Int J Emerg Med. 2015;8:4. doi: 10.1186/s12245-015-0052-9
- Román-Morales F. Gas explosion. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wpcontent/uploads/2020/06/mexico\_gas\_report\_v2.pdf
- Sollid S. Utøya shootings. Major Incident Reporting. Published 2020.
   Accessed January 24, 2023. https://majorincidentreporting.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/utoya.pdf
- Yamamura H, Kaneda K, Mizobata Y. Communication problems after the Great East Japan Earthquake of 2011. *Disaster Med Public Health Prep.* 2014;8(4):293-296. doi: 10.1017/dmp.2014.49
- Cred Crunch, Issue No. 60. Technological disasters. Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters. Published September 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.preventionweb.net/files/73872\_cc602.pdf
- Publications. EM-DAT, The International Disaster Database. Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters. Published 2022. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://emdat.be/publications
- Fattah S, Rehn M, Reierth E, Wisborg T. Systematic literature review of templates for reporting prehospital major incident medical management. *BMJ Open.* 2013;3(8):e002658. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2013-002658
- The World by Income and Region. The World Bank. Published 2021.
   Accessed January 24, 2023. https://datatopics.worldbank.org/world-development-indicators/the-world-by-income-and-region.html
- Sammut J, Cato D, Homer T. Major incident medical management and support (MIMMS): a practical, multiple casualty, disaster-site training course for all Australian health care personnel. *Emerg Med (Fremantle)*. 2001;13(2):174-180.
- Vassiliou M, Alberts DS, Agre JR. C2 re-envisioned: the future of the enterprise. CRC Press; 2015:1.
- 62. **Pigeau R, McCann C.** Re-conceptualizing command and control. *Can Mil J.* 2002;3(1):53-63. Accessed April 10, 2023. https://web.archive.org/web/20131120065217/http://www.journal.forces.gc.ca/vo3/no1/doc/53-64-eng.pdf
- Guidelines for Interdisciplinary Major Incidence Management. In Danish. Beredskabsstyrelsen. Published 2018. Accessed January 24, 2023.

- https://brs.dk/globalassets/brs-beredskabsstyrelsen/dokumenter/indsats-retningslinjer-o.l/2020/-retningslinjer-for-indsatsledelse-2018-.pdf
- 64. Guidelines for Crisis Management. In Danish. Beredskabsstyrelsen. Published 2020. Accessed January 24, 2023. https://www.brs.dk/globalassets/brs—beredskabsstyrelsen/dokumenter/krisestyring-og-beredskabsplan lagning/2020/-retningslinjer\_for\_krisestyring-.pdf
- National Guideline for the Organization of Incident Site. In Norwegian.
   Helsedirektoratet. Published 2016. Accessed January 24, 2023.
   https://helsedirektoratet.no/veiledere/nodnett-i-helsetjenesten/
- Mondal S, Van Belle S, Maioni A. Learning from intersectoral action beyond health: a meta-narrative review. Health Policy Plan. 2021;36(4):552-571.
- Holper S, Barmanray R, Colman B, et al. Ambiguous medical abbreviation study: challenges and opportunities. *Intern Med J.* 2020; 50(9):1073-1078.
- 68. **Coghlan A, Turner S, Coverdale S.** Danger in discharge summaries: abbreviations create confusion for both author and recipient. *Intern Med J.* 2023;53(4):550-558. doi: 10.1111/imj.15582
- Kapucu N. Interorganizational coordination in dynamic context: networks in emergency response management. *Connections*. 2005;26:33-48.
- Barrett AK, Ford J, Zhu Y. Sending and receiving safety and risk messages in hospitals: an exploration into organizational communication channels and providers' communication overload. *Health Commun.* 2021;36(13): 1697-1708. doi: 10.1080/10410236.2020.1788498
- Manoj BS, Alexandra H. Communication challenges in emergency response. Commun ACM. 2007;50:51-53. doi: 10.1145/1226736.1226765
- Rogers P, Lea M. Psychological and behavioural responses to CBRN disasters: implications for emergency response, community, and business continuity. Accessed April 10, 2023. https://martinlea.com/report-psychological-and-behavioural-responses-to-disasters/
- Holm JH. Is the current level of training in the use of equipment for prehospital radio communication sufficient? A cross-sectional study among prehospital physicians in Denmark. BMJ Open. 2017;7(6): e015017. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2016-015017
- Abelsson A, Rystedt I, Suserud BO, Lindwall L. Mapping the use of simulation in prehospital care—a literature review. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2014;22:22. doi: 10.1186/1757-7241-22-22
- Bredmose PP, Habig K, Davies G, et al. Scenario based outdoor simulation in pre-hospital trauma care using a simple mannequin model. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2010;18:13. doi: 10.1186/1757-7241-18-13
- Krogh CL, Steinmetz J, Rudolph SS, et al. Effect of ultrasound training of physicians working in the prehospital setting. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2016;24:99. doi: 10.1186/s13049-016-0289-1
- 77. Bøtker MT, Jacobsen L, Rudolph SS, Knudsen L. The role of point of care ultrasound in prehospital critical care: a systematic review. Scand J Trauma Resusc Emerg Med. 2018;26(1):51. doi: 10.1186/s13049-018-0518-x
- 78. Sampayo-Cordero M, Miguel-Huguet B, Malfettone A, et al. The value of case reports in systematic reviews from rare diseases. The example of enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) in patients with mucopolysaccharidosis type II (MPS-II). Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2020;17(18):6590. doi: 10.3390/ijerph17186590
- Krusenvik L. Using case studies as a scientific method: advantages and disadvantages. Published 2016. Accessed January 24, 2023. http://www. diva-portal.org/smash/get/diva2:1054643/FULLTEXT01.pdf
- Crowe RP, Bower JK, Cash RE, et al. Association of burnout with workforce-reducing factors among EMS professionals. Prehosp Emerg Care. 2018;22:2, 229-236. doi: 10.1080/10903127.2017.1356411
- EUPHOREA (Website Homepage). European Prehospital Research Alliance. Published 2022. Accessed January 24, 2023. http://www.euphorea.net/